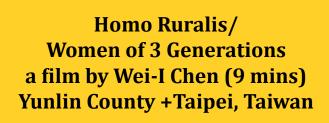
Term 2 & 3



Term 1, October







Canals in Sky a short film by Wei-I Chen (5 mins) Venice, Italy



X-ray Bedford Square an Intervention by drawings London, UK





Taipei, Taiwan, 2020



Taipei, Taiwan, 2020



Gukeng, Yunlin County, Taiwan, 2020

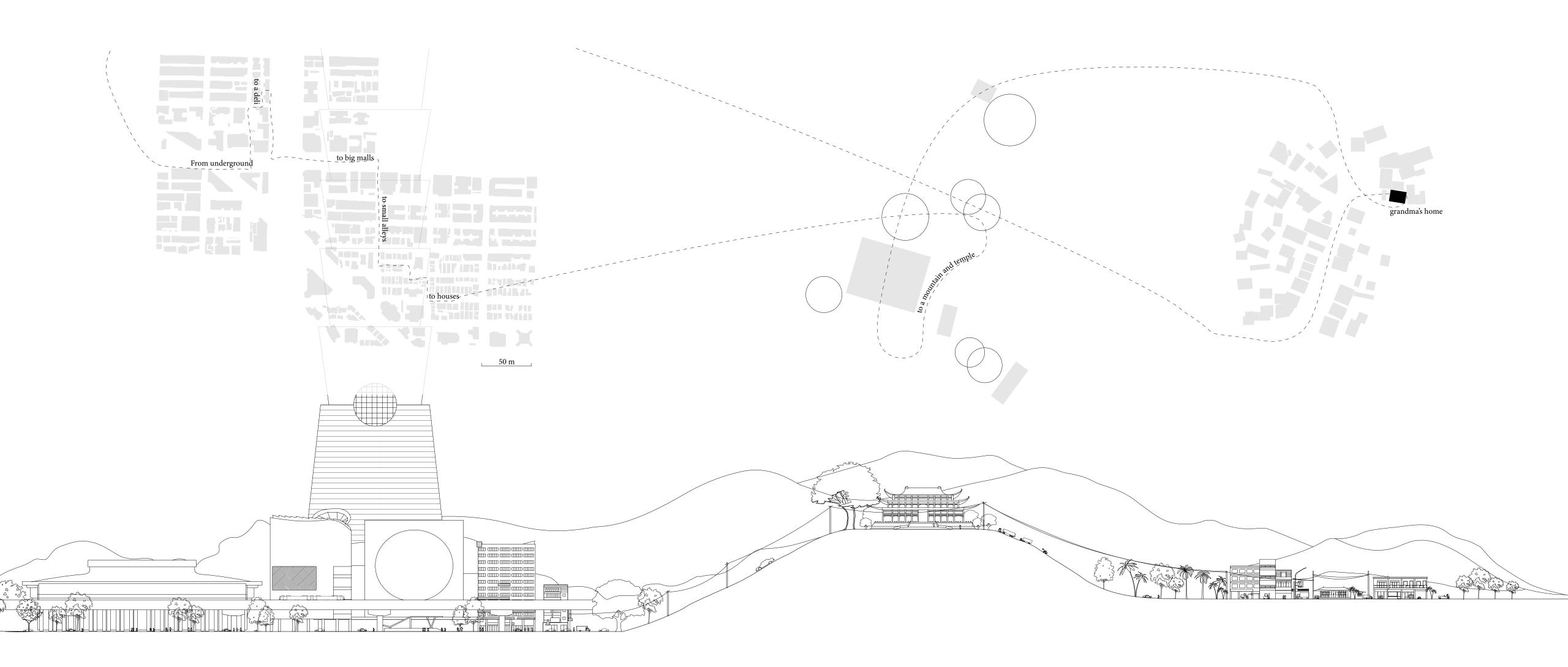
## Homo Ruralis

)	Thesis
10	A Visit to The Village
18	The Intangible Features of Living
19	Migration in Urbanization
22	Urbanization in My Family
31	What is The Countryside?

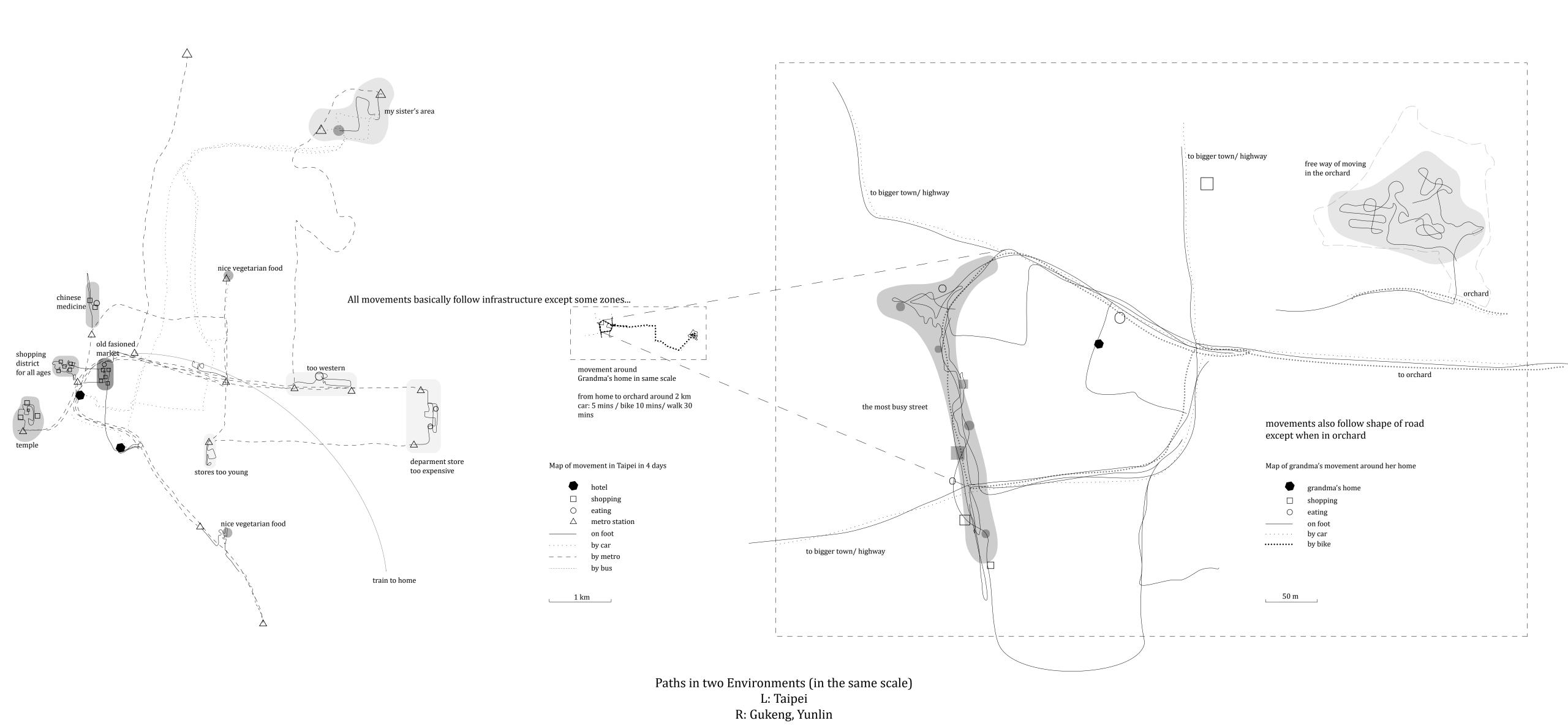
# CONTENT

0	Site Condition
9	The Trip
1	Technicality of Filming
3	Reference

# Women of 3 Generations



Concept Drawings from L-R: Taipei, Puli, Yunlin



# Thesis

#### Village, Mountain & City

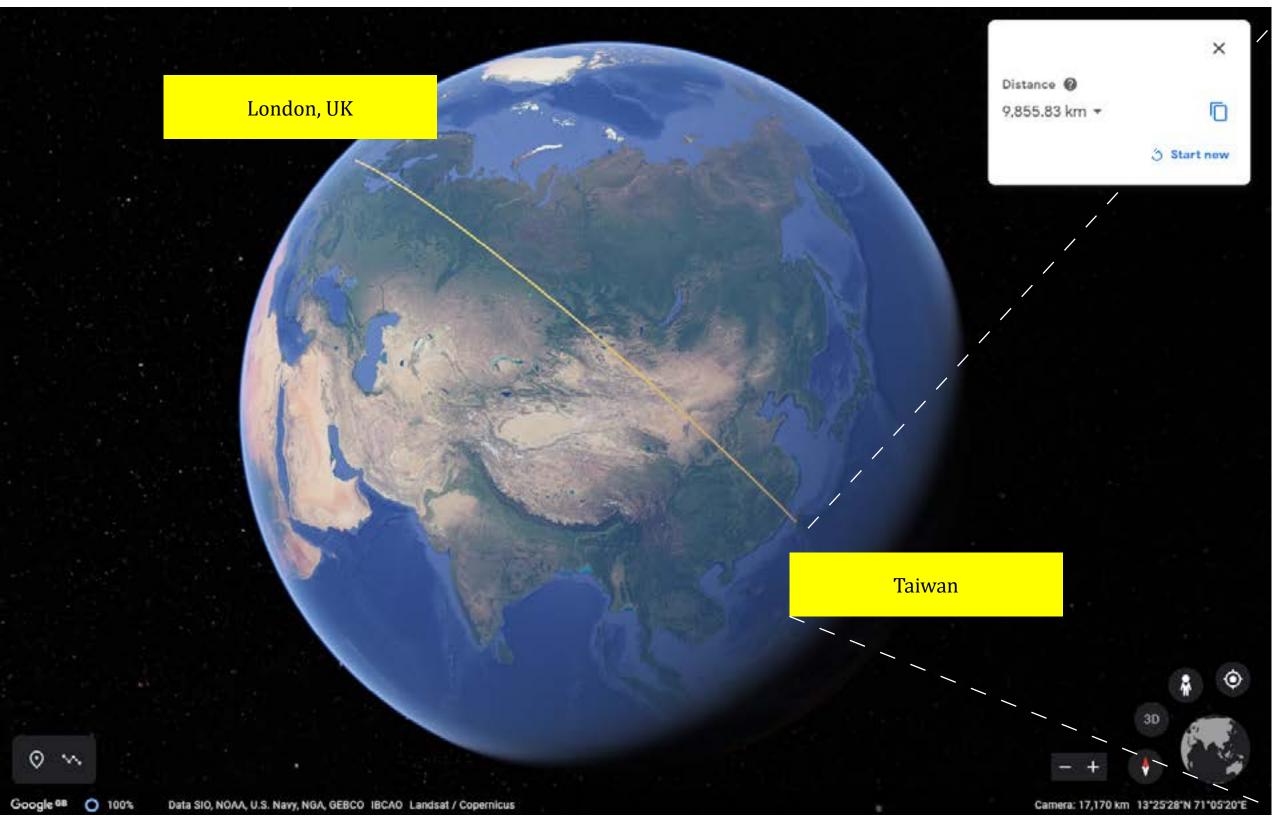
My project aims to shed light on the differences between the countryside and the city — or rather the lack of them, and thus shatter the myth of a binary division between two archetypical types of settlements: the village and the city.

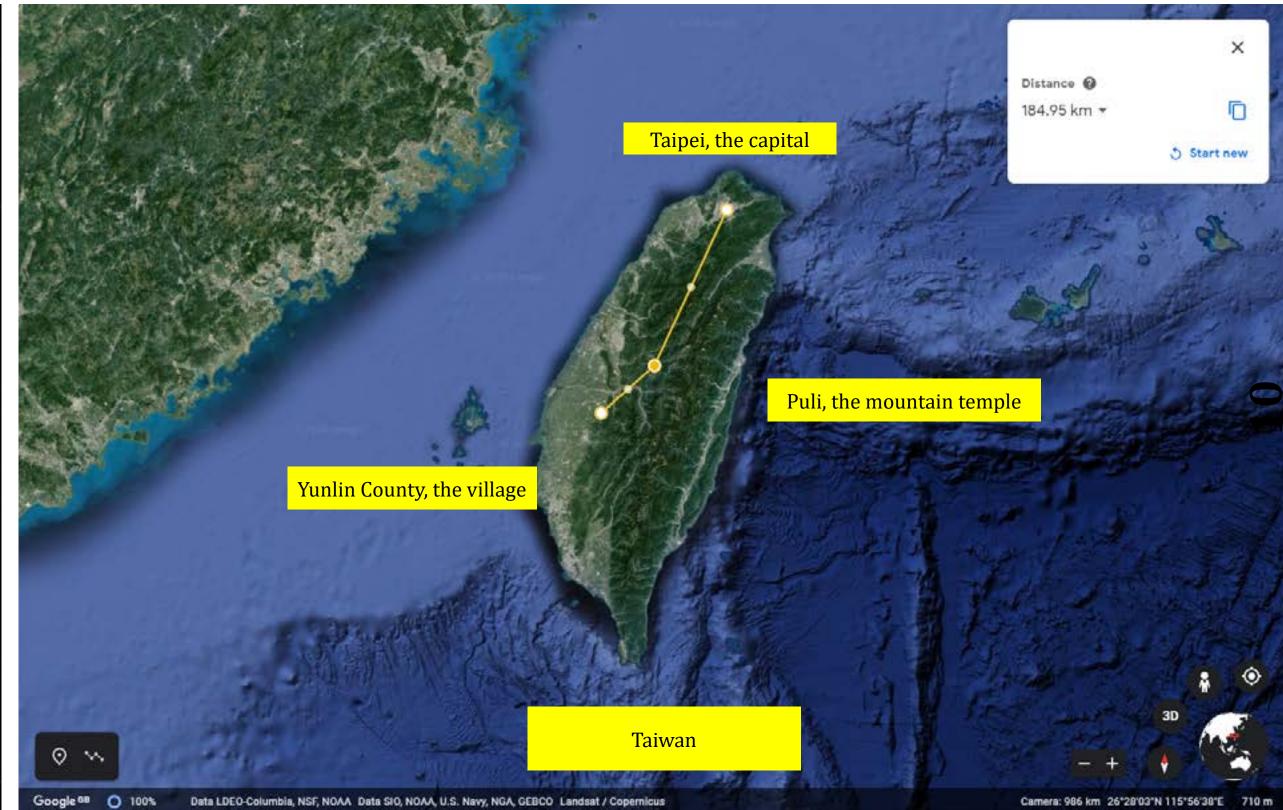
The countryside in Taiwan has certain characteristics: the close ties among the inhabitants, the hubbub of the morning street market and its silence in the night, and the picturesque bucolic scenery. It is also inhabited by an aging population, while the number of new-borns is decreasing.

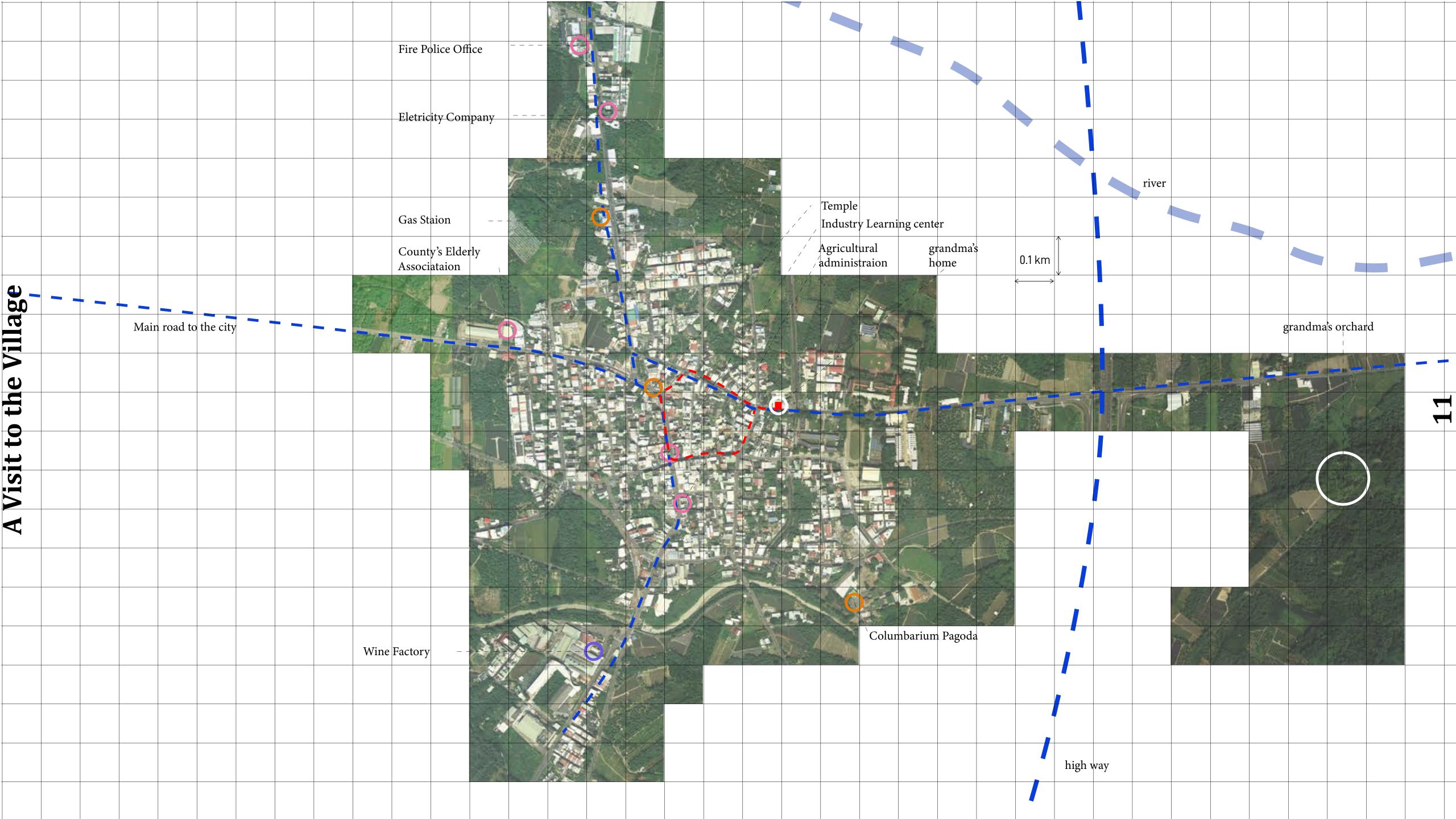
Meanwhile, in the city, the modern population measures its success by the quality of transportation and quantity of their salary. While material society grows, people are torn between nostalgia for the simple rural life, and the seeming backwardness, poverty, and family pressure often found in those traditional families.

With the hope that both sides have much to learn from each other, I began with the idea to observe the elderly of the rural. I observed my eighty-year-old grandmother and imagine what her experience of the city would be like, her difficulties to navigate through a realm so distant from hers. As someone who lives between our generations, my mother is an important node for us, much like the temple in the mountain that she takes us to, one that is located between my grandma's village and the city of Taipei.

This film is a result of our journey together. It tells an unexpected story about the countryside and the city, cities, about the elderly and the soon to be. In the end, as it turns out, there are more similarities than differences: much like the commonalities between the women of three generations, so does the city and the village seem ever more coherent, spatially legible, and intuitively livable.









#### Vigorous old people

The village shares a common drawback of many other villages in the countryside, which is composed of aging population with little new borns. Nonetheless, these "abandoned" elderly maintained their healthy and socialable lives even on the streets.



#### Resilience

A around 80 years old grandpa rode his farm wagon to the streetmarket for grocery shopping. He was capable of taking care of himself even at his age and remained his dignity.



#### Bonds by Nature

It is common to exchange agricultural products in the countryside, as most of the residents are farmers or producer of the food. The exchange actions are seem as an recognition and symbol of friendship.



#### Public Bathroom

The barrier between inside and outside; private and public is blurry. Right in front of the traffic roads, by a car, a women was drying her hair as it were in her bathroom.



#### Conversation

The stalls in the village are very flexible and easy, with simply a chair and table. On the table there are little commodities for sale, as if this commercial activity was not meant to earn money but for exchanging products and having conversations.



#### Traditional Belief

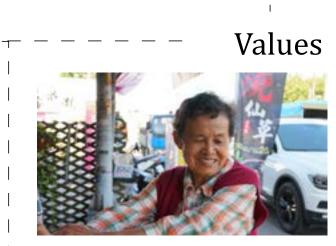
Around a thousand years old tree, an additional wooden pavilion structure is installed with seating area. A niche is placed by the giant tree trunk.

### Privacy



Faith -







Kinship

Room



Environment



Home



Human Condition



Community



-Map of the Interrelation between the Two

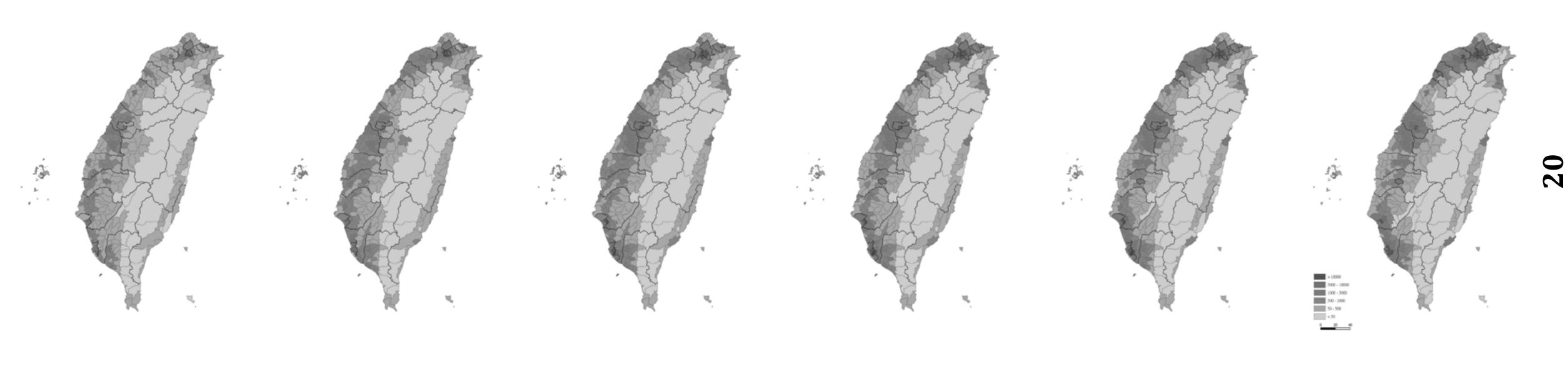
Belongings

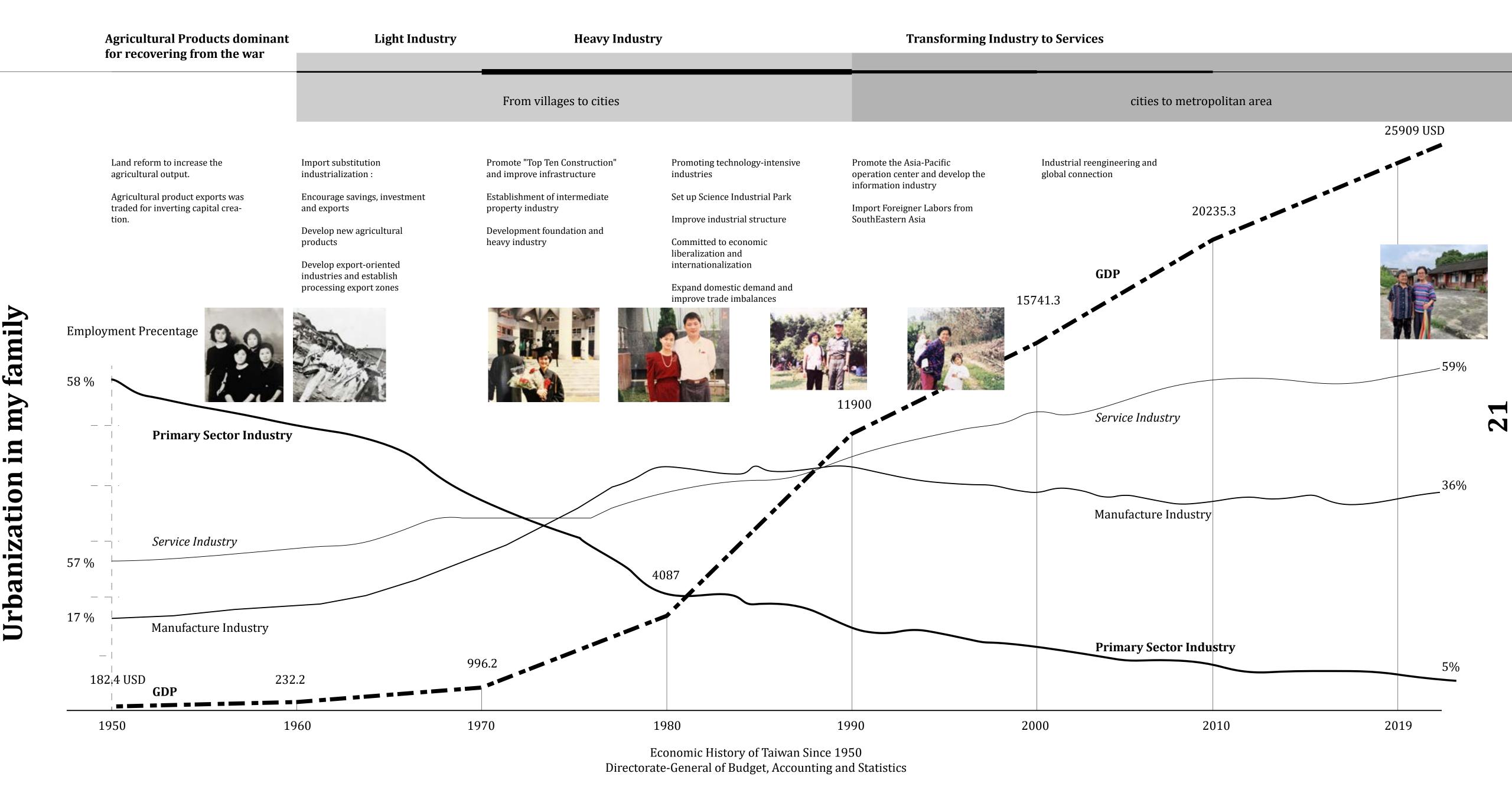




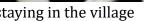
Passion ' Friends























my visit back to village



yet, she stays



her familly are all in cities



Lin Wu Xiu Yuan 林吳秀雲 Born in Gukeng, Yunlin in 1940

Daughter of a Taiwanese Imperial Japan Serviceman, who died in the war educated in Japanese School before the end of WW2 and continued in Chinese afterward until junir high

Studied western music in a Catholic church since 18 years old

Married in 23 years old

full-time housewife

+ part time farmer until now



Lin Yong Ching 林永欽 Born in Gukeng, Yunlin in 1940 Passed away in 1987 (aged 47 when my mother was in her last year in university)

Second Son of a local family
Civil servant in a local Post Office
+part time farmer

Some siblings moved to Taipei after completing studies









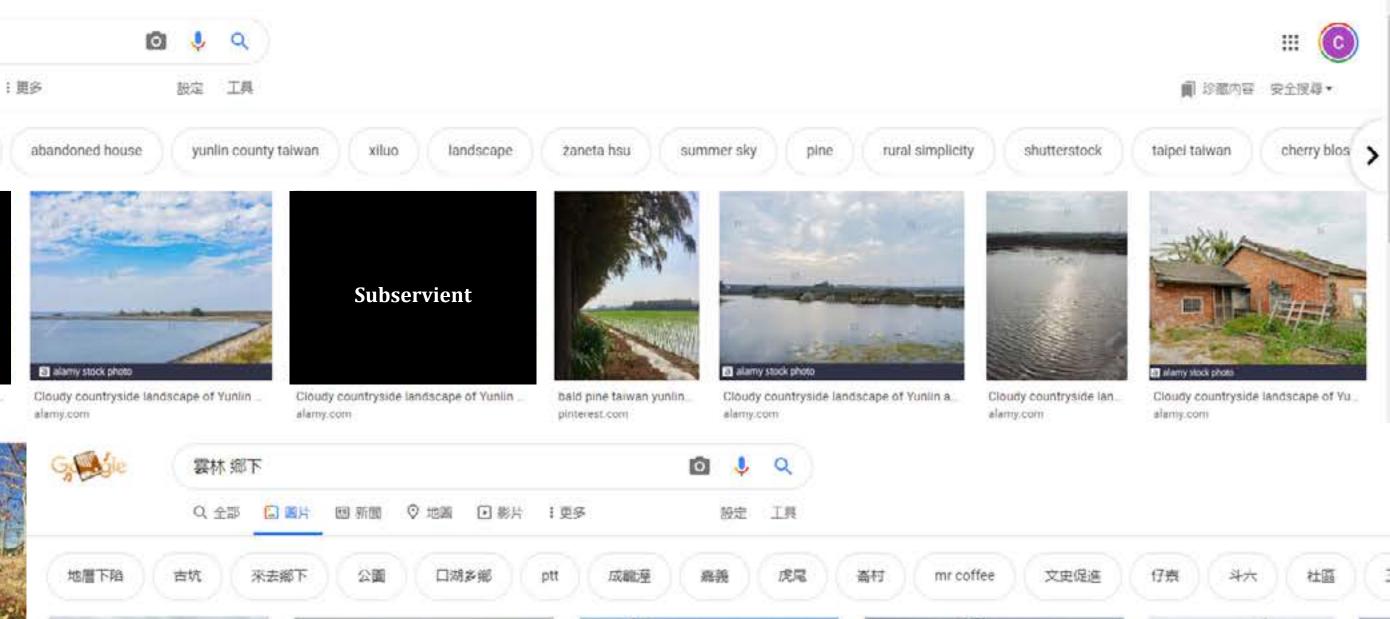








countryside taiwan yunlin

















31

■ 珍爾内容 安全接導▼

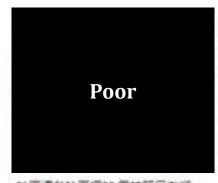




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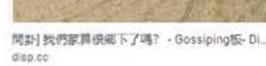


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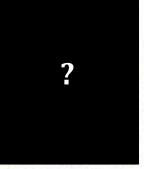








喜林解顫中低收入戶火化盡全免 火葬 大纪元 epochtimes com:



蘇治芬-位於雲林縣四湖。 facebook.com



社區通各社區網站。雲林縣口湖鄉下賣仔文 sixatar moc gov.tw













"These two mountains are shown in the painting as not very far apart, but they are actually many kilometers apart. Despite taking artistic license with the distance, Chao has accurately conveyed the most important and salient features of these two mountains. The work brims with clarity, ease, and calm. Reality, memory, tradition,

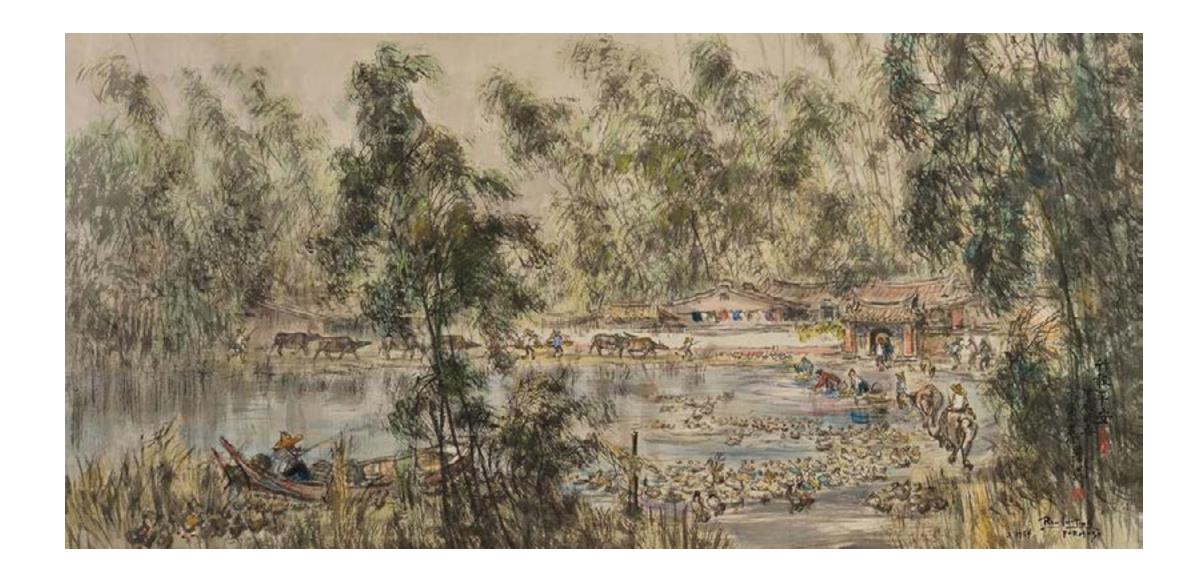
and creativity merge to form a new style that evokes the imagery of mind and heart. Thus, this painting was done in an intentionally naive and archaistic manner in which Chao sought to convey the scenery in terms of a classical elegance, and he successfully conveyed the heritage and beauty of the region."

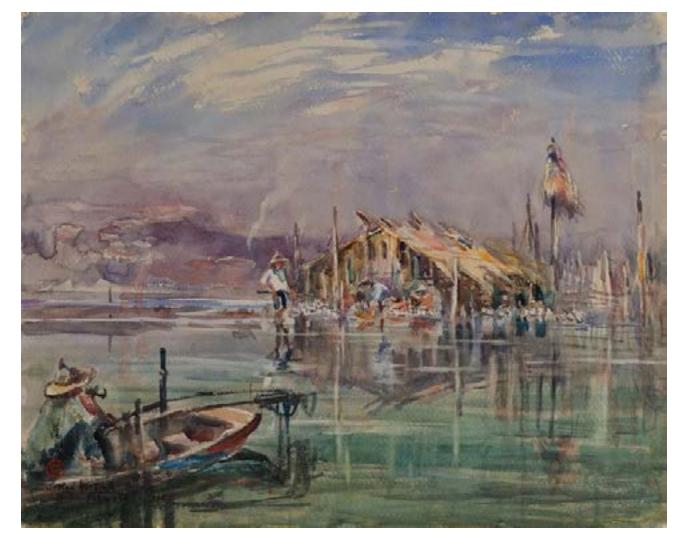
-National Palace Museum



Ran In-Ting (Taiwanese, 1903–1979) was born in modern-day Yilan County. His style is simple and warm. His works are almost all depicting rural scenes in Taiwan, especially his hometown of Yilan. The most distinctive feature is the registration of his paintings. In addition to the Chinese name "Yin Ding" and the English name "RAN IN-TING", each painting is specially written "FORMOSA" or "TAIWAN". With the defeat of Japan and the National Government coming to Taiwan, the social

atmosphere has also changed ingeniously. Lan Yinding continued to paint the native scenery of Taiwan as before. Ting was good at watercolor painting under the influence of his instructor, Kinichiro Ishikawa, focuses on expressing the scenery of the farm with sketches and watercolor techniques that incorporate Chinese ink painting



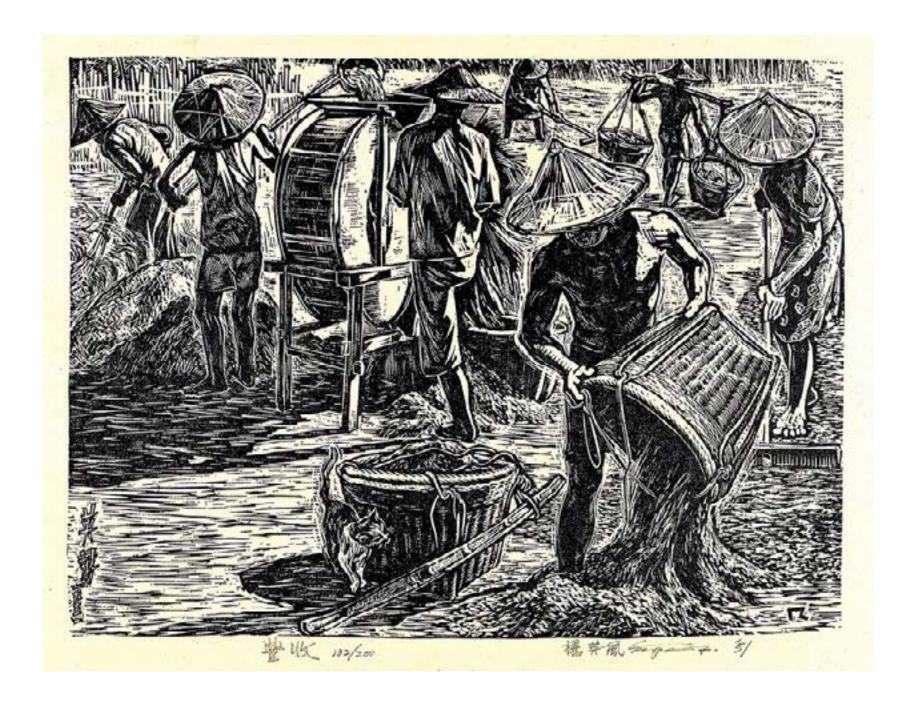


"We often visit farmers in the countryside one after another, hoping to understand their lives, ideas, customs and habits. During this period, I lived with Lan Yinding every day. I understand his words and deeds the best. He not only went to the place where the car can do, but also went to the mountains and rivers to investigate the suffering and report it to the publications. The spirit of sincerity to serve the vast number of peasants, this spirit is rarely seen not only in the past, but also today." -Yang Yu-Yu

Yang Yu-Yu (1926-1997) was born in Yilan, Taiwan. Yang studied traditional painting techniques, architecture, and sculpture in Beijing, Tokyo, Taipei, and Rome. He portrayed the simple and honest lives of people living in Taiwan's traditional agricultural society. When Taiwan's economy began to expand, he began to devote himself to landscape development for a number of public spaces, becoming a pioneer in public art in Taiwan. His use of stainless steel in his sculptures showed

his respect for both nature and the arts, and many of his works have now become local landmarks.

His works capture the hard work of a farming moment, people experience the joy and sacredness of life and labor from the essence of farming.





Huang Tu-Shui (1895-1930) was the most renowned person in the New Art Movement in Taiwan. Huang graduated from Taipei Mandarin School (now National Taipei University of Education). Very soon his outstanding talent in art was noticed and a government officer recommended him to enroll at the Tokyo School of Fine Arts (now Tokyo University of the Arts) to pursue advanced studies. Huang was one of the few Taiwanese students who went to Japan to acquire education.

Major works of the artist include *Sweet Dew, Sakya and Water Buffaloes (or Southland)* that integrated Western and traditional concepts of sculpture. Naturalistic realism style of Huang's sculptures revealed his self-connotation and his feelings for the native land





"Huang Tushui is trying to reverse the cultural inferiority of Taiwanese. The last and most important giant work of his life Water Buffaloes,

or Nanguo captures the vitality of humble and pure Taiwanese. In the 1920s when Taiwan's cultural movement was surging, new arts played a key role. The pioneers, such as Huang Tushui, made Taiwan have unprecedented confidence in the local creative subject matter."

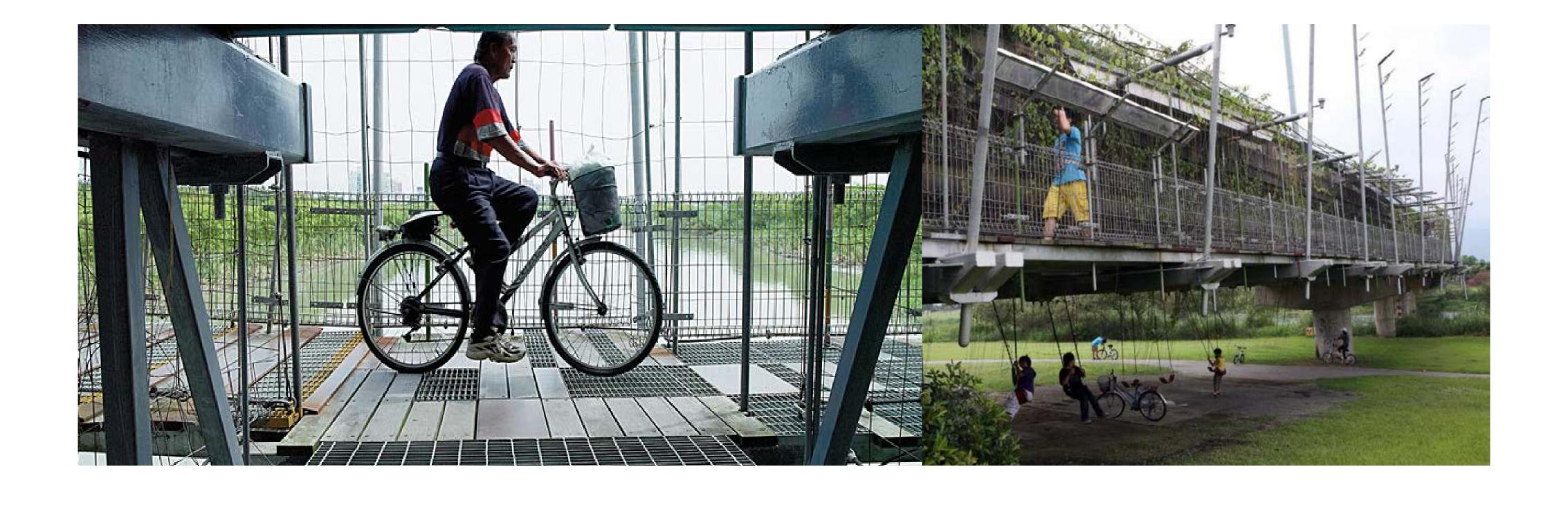
-CommonWealth Magazine

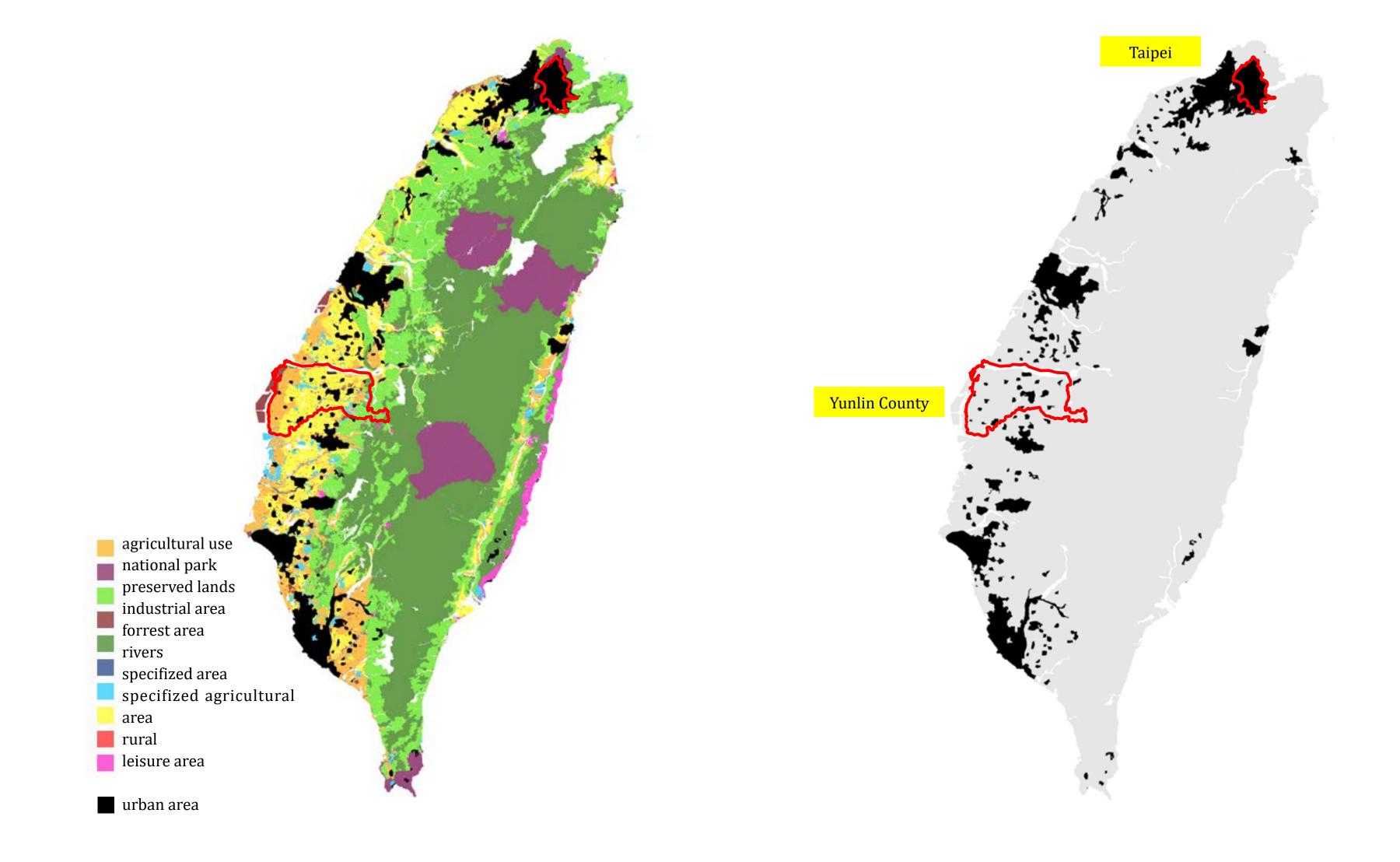


"We have to change our form of life, but we are showing few directions. We should not bet on a single direct, my intuition tells me that you really have to find a certain combination of highly artificial and highly organic, highly traditional and futuristic. Only that combination can clarify but also begin to change the current dilemma that we are facing."

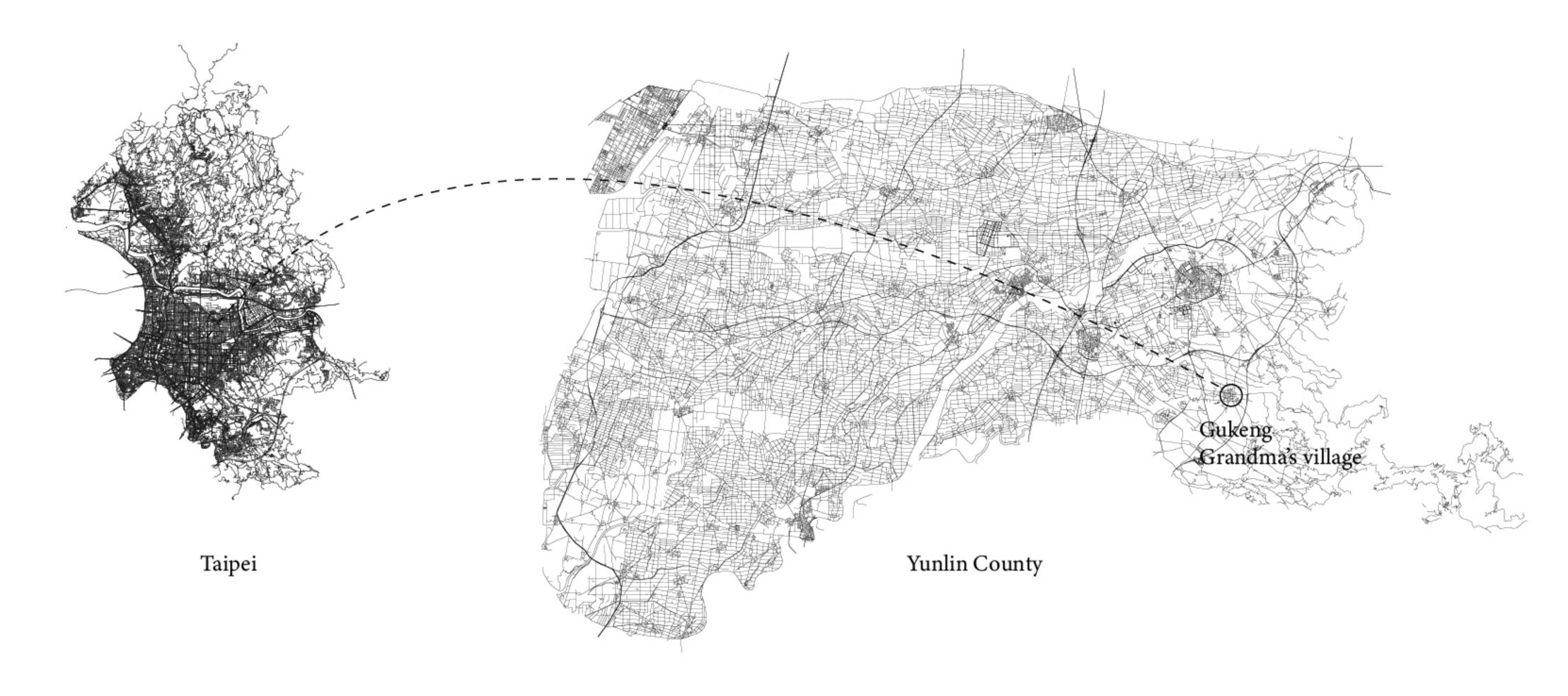
-Rem Koolhass

Countryside, The Future by AMO, The Guggenheim Museum, 2020





Non-Urban Area v.s. Urban Area 2019



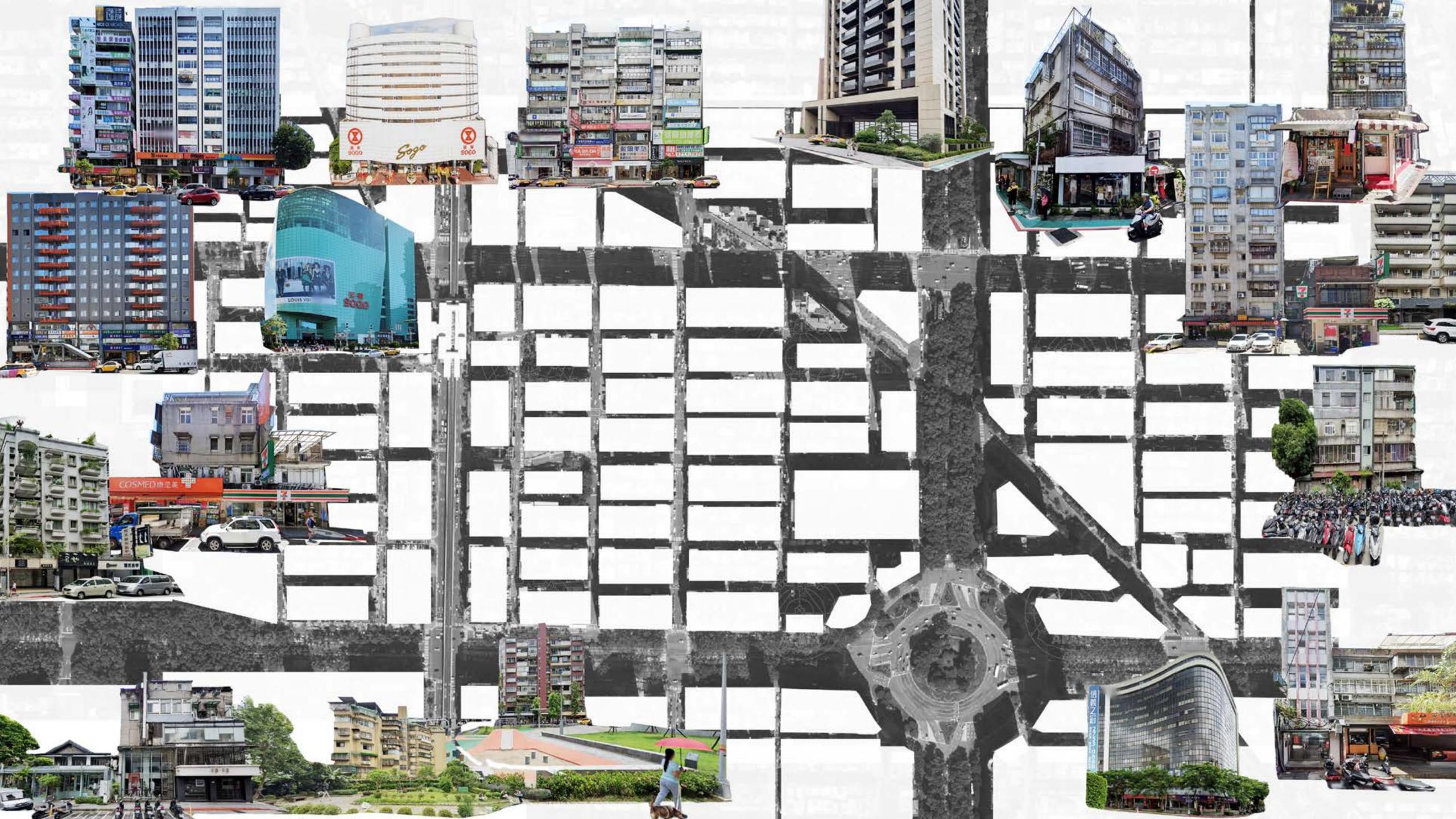
Traffic Routes: Taiwan v.s. Yunlin County



Urban Areas: Taiwan v.s. Yunlin County











residential
commercial
public
farm land (currently in use)
farm land (in rest)
school
grandma's orchard
grandma's house



Grandmother / 80 yr

housewife/ part-time farmer hobbies include trombone & trumpet good at farming & cooking currently lives in GuKeng (Yunlin County)

mother of three children grandmother of seven grandchildren great-grandmother of two babies



Mother / 57 yr

housewife/ retired junior school teacher
having passion in Buddhism
good at flower arrangement & helping neighbors/ family
currently lives in Taichung city

mother of four children grandmother of two babies



Me / 24 yr

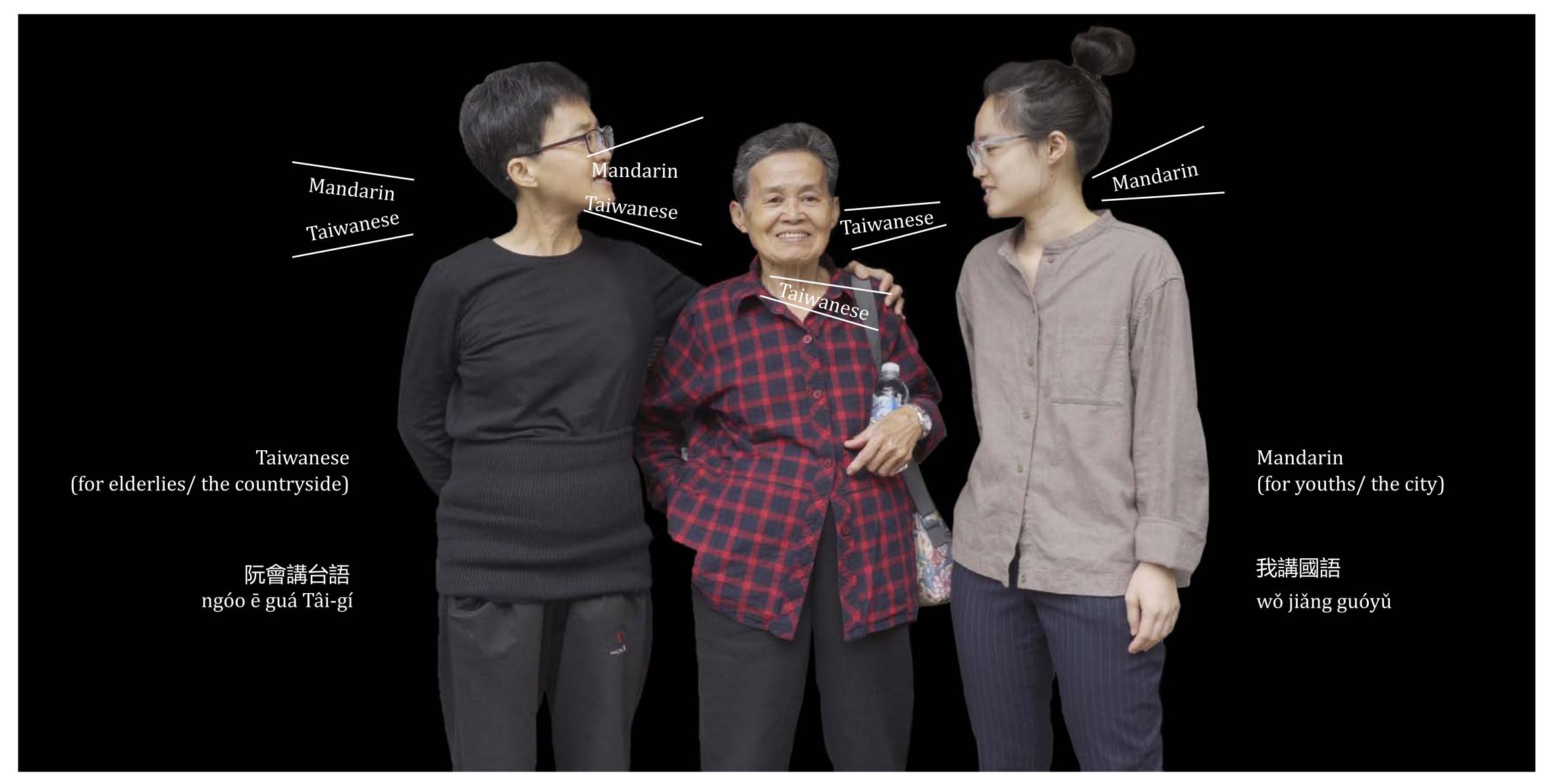
Architecture Student having passion in people gradually good at observation currently live in London

daughter/granddaughter





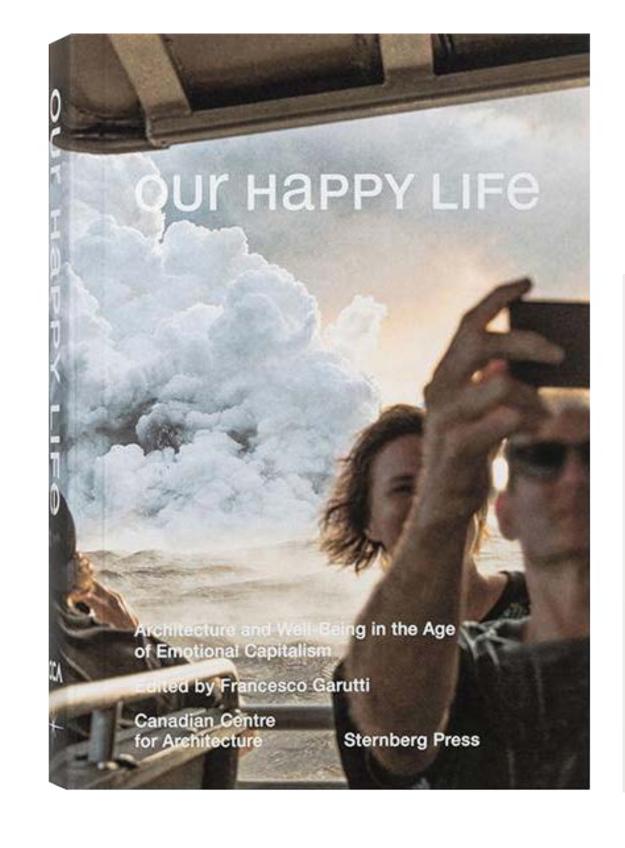
Timeline

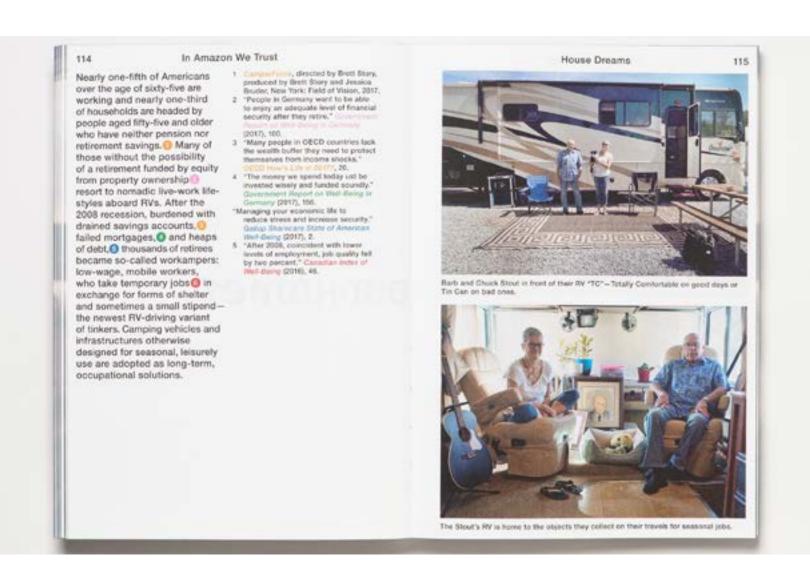


Languages of Narration



Poster of **Women of 3 Generations, 9 mins** 











# 移動與遷徙-從地方到他方的故事

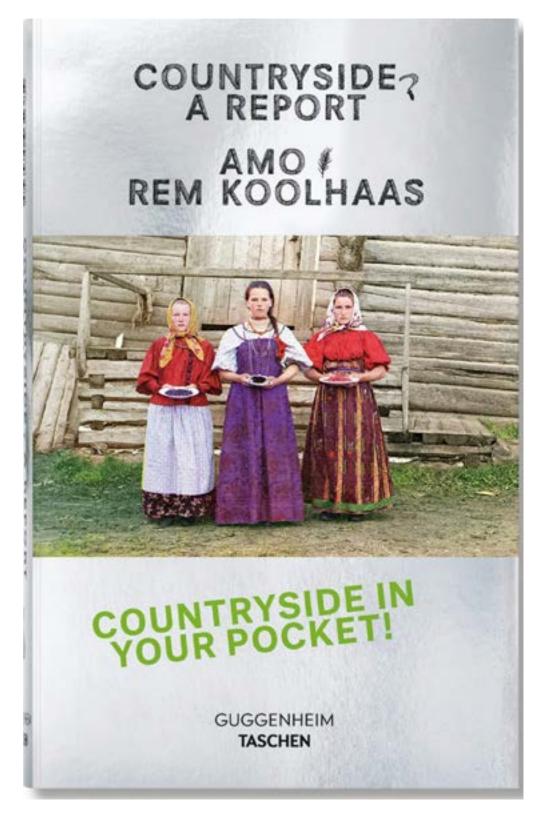
Moving And Migration - Stories From A Place To Other

2019 23.FEB. - 19.MAY 高雄市立美術館 Kachsiung Museum of Fine Art







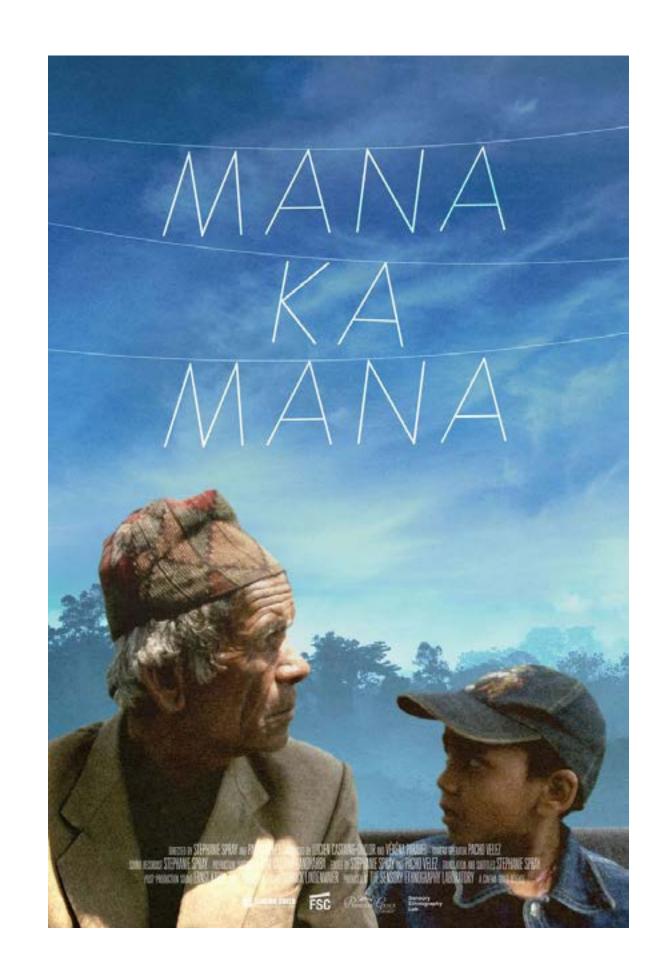
































# Thesis





# **Canals in Sky**

The canals and alleys form the veins and arteries of Venice. Water, people, objects and animals move along spaces defined by boundaries, boundaries that delineate inside and outside, locals and visitors. Those within come out; those outside go in. The mingling of conditions is intensified by the narrowing and expanding confines of the streets, the breathing rhythm of a beating heart, or the ebb and flow of a single wave. We stroll, we dodge, we collide, we apologise. We are forced into an intimacy seldom experienced in cities made of glass and steel.

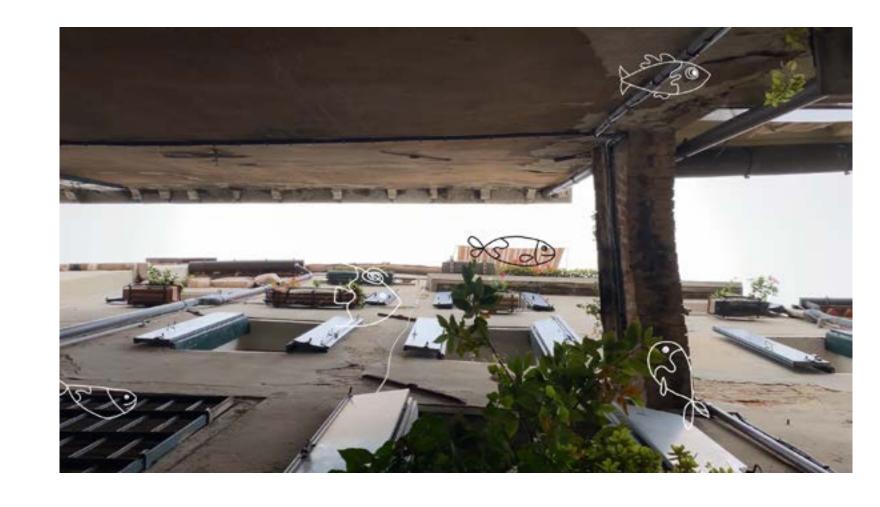
In the film, the sky in the alleys becomes the canals, changing scales in an upside-down world. Animated fish is used to amplify certain interactions that happen in this intimate scale, and to highlight unseen elements of the buildings that form the boundaries of the alleys.









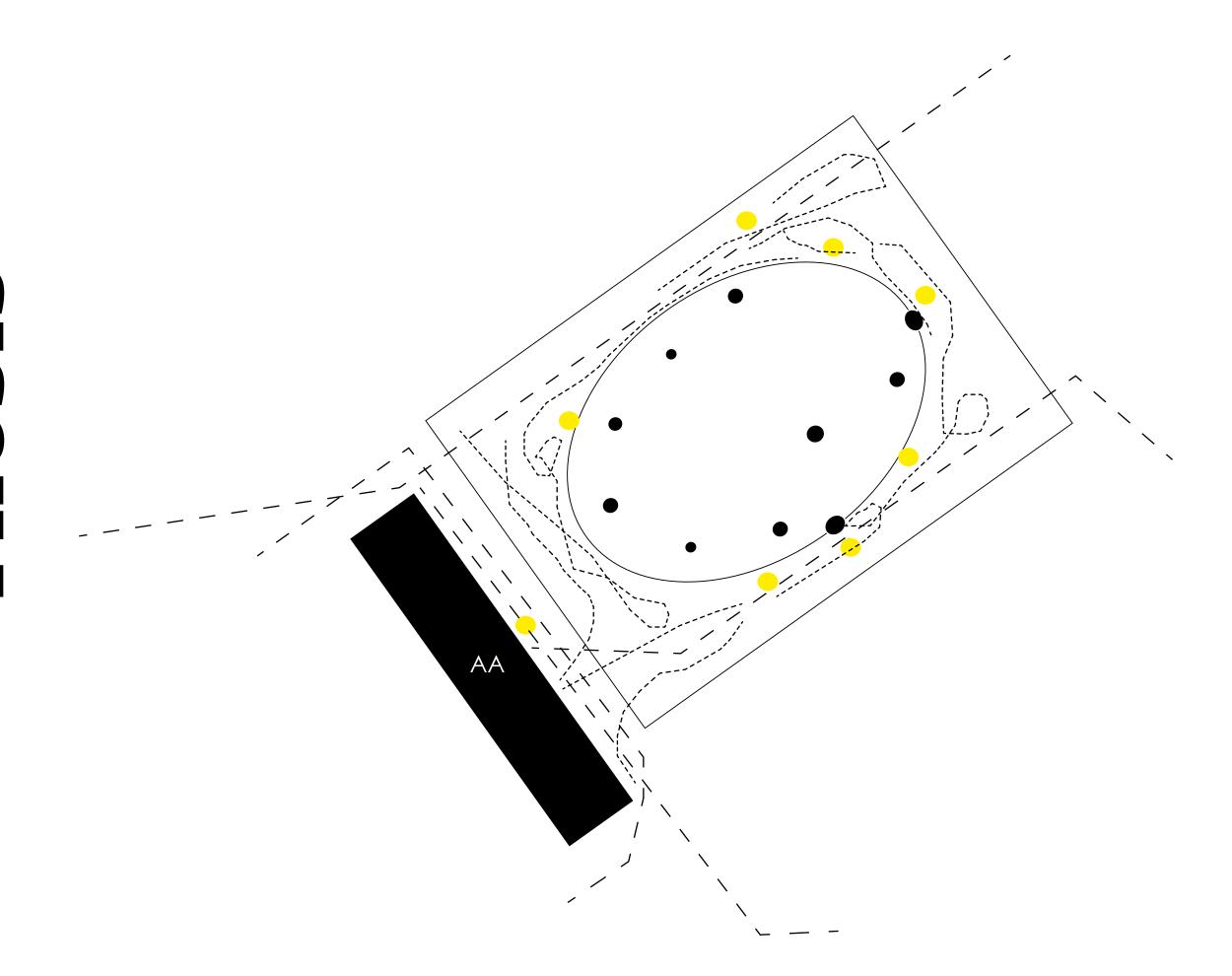








# Thesis



# X-Ray Bedford Square

While circulating around the square I discovered several interesting spots or conditions that are only specific at the site.

Becides merely record them, the project would like to bring these unseen and hidden information to the busy users of this square. Like what many of my peers in the architectural schools will say, the architecture education "open" my eyes to see the structure and combination of this physical world. Therefore, taking this chance, the project applied the making of interventions to bring the unseen to the people.

Due to the time limit, one spot, the "resilience" of the roots was selected for further development. This booklet complies the records of making and observations during the intervention.

The improvement direction went from using texts or abstract message to a more straightforward method, drawing, to include the audiences of different ages and levels of knowledge.



### The Lobby

The street along the doors to the Architectural Associations are "occupied" by students or staffs as one of their main social spaces. As there is no main foyer on the ground floor and the bounds between peers were too tight (or it is simply too troublesome to go up the the bar), the sidewalk is turned into the "lobby" of the shool



The Passage

As the composition of the square- a circular shape garden is placed in the center of a square land- four chamfer corners were created. Normally, the users are able to walk in a given direction at the square and the openess of the square extends outward from the center garden. However, as the placement of these construction materials and garbages, the wide easter part of the open land was turned into a narrowed passage with two fences aside.



The Drop-off Area

At one of the corner at the square, there are a group of adults, mainly female, waiting and facing toward the same direction. When the time clicks to 4:30p.m., suddenly the doors on the side will open, and teachers bringing out the students. The relation between this chamfer with its context turned this spot into a "dropoff" area catering for the schools across the road.



The Scenery

Also because of the temporary construction, a public toliet, containers and garbages were placed and seperated by metal wire fences, which can be looked through. A group of people sitting on the bench faced toward the fence and enjoyed a nice "scenery."



Resilience

At the lower bottom of the fence, a part of tree trunks break through the gaps and reach out. Clearly, few iron sticks of the fence were modified shorter to fit with the consistent "stretching out" of the growing tree. When one looks at the pavement, few white obvious lines allow pedastrians to tell that it was remade previously. It is safe to guess that the pavements were pushed by the hungry roots underneath.



The Garbage Bin

Few garbages were placed by the broken mail box and therefore turned it into a garbage collection spot.



The Chair

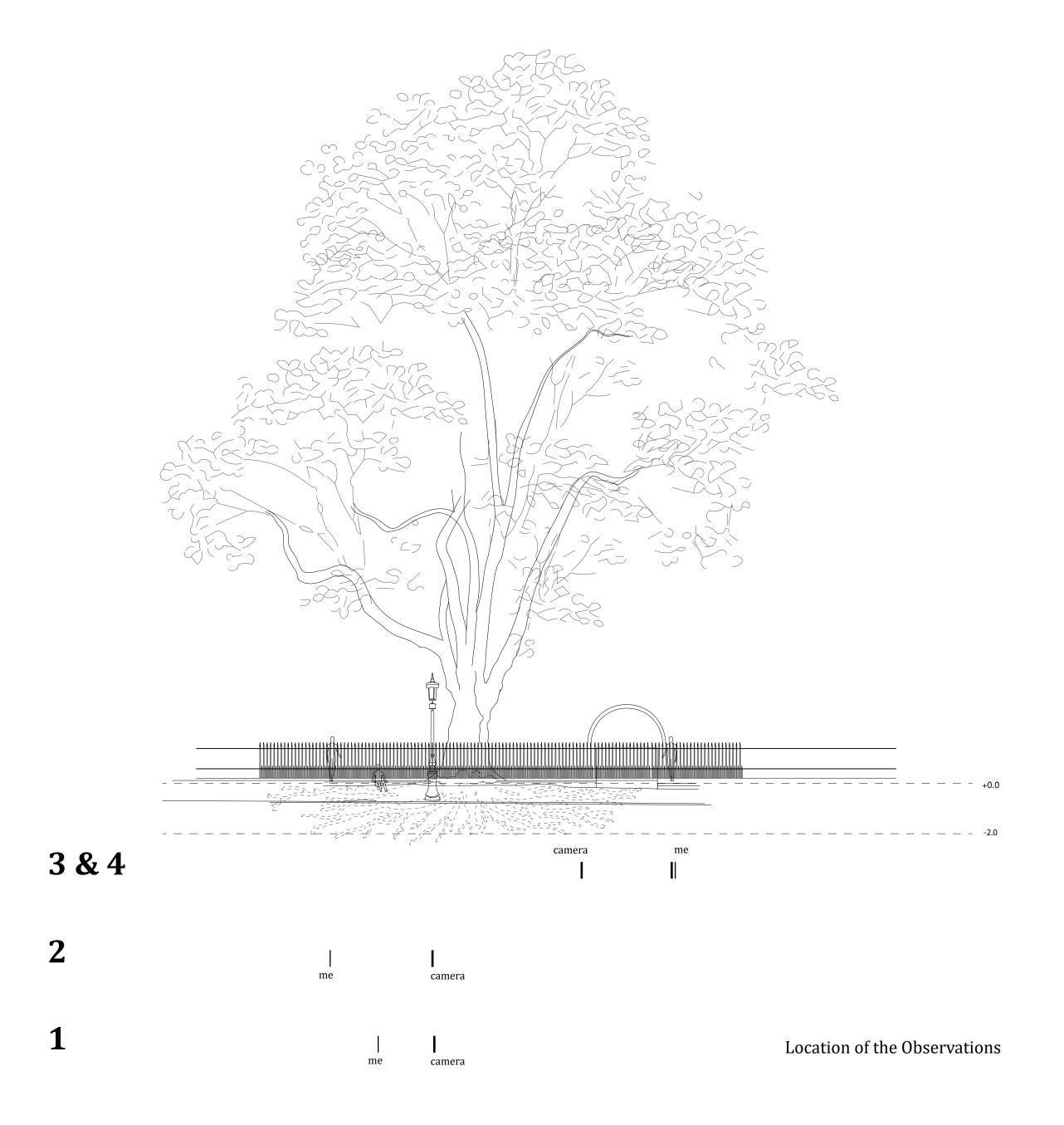
At around all the corner areas, there is a wooden bench installed. However, due to the scarce of supply, there are many people standing or socializing along the fence. This clever lady, however, sat on this electronic box and turned it into her "chair"

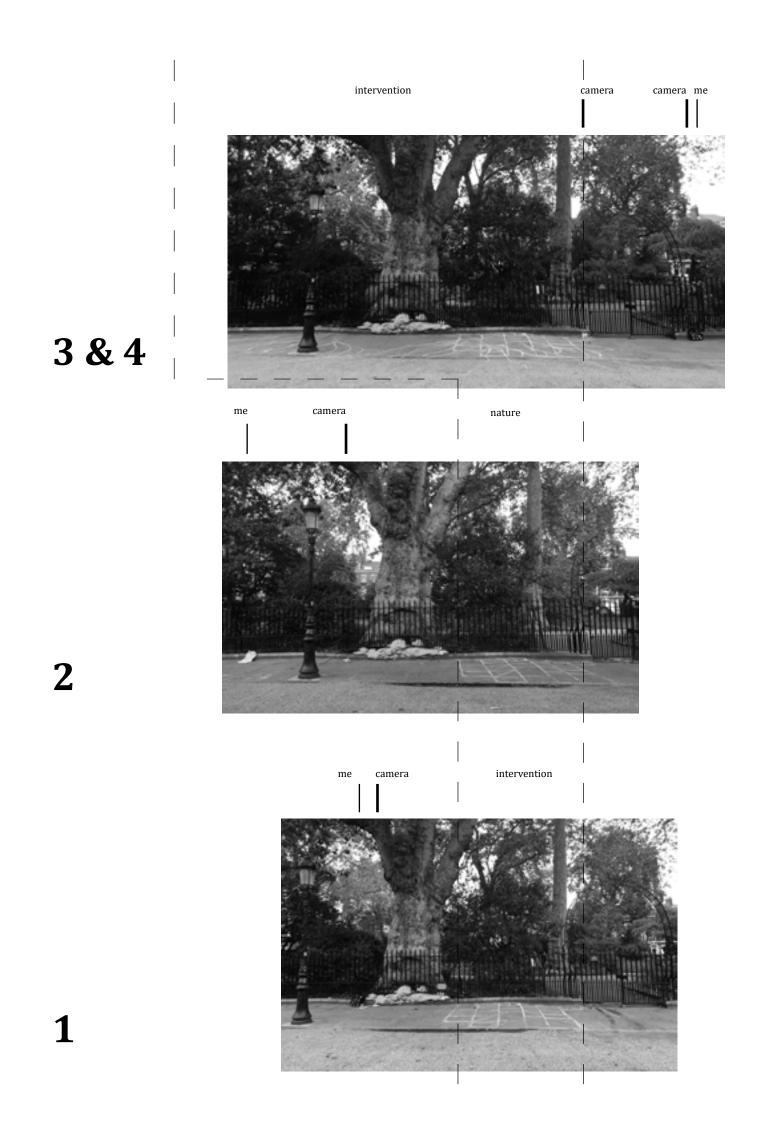


The Phonebox

Interesting, there are many people on phonecall at the square. When the bench was taken, they stood alone the fence. When there were people smoking there, a man in the photo chose to circulate around the lighting pole. This action makes the spot a "phonebox" with imaginary stronger connection.

8 Conditions





# 1





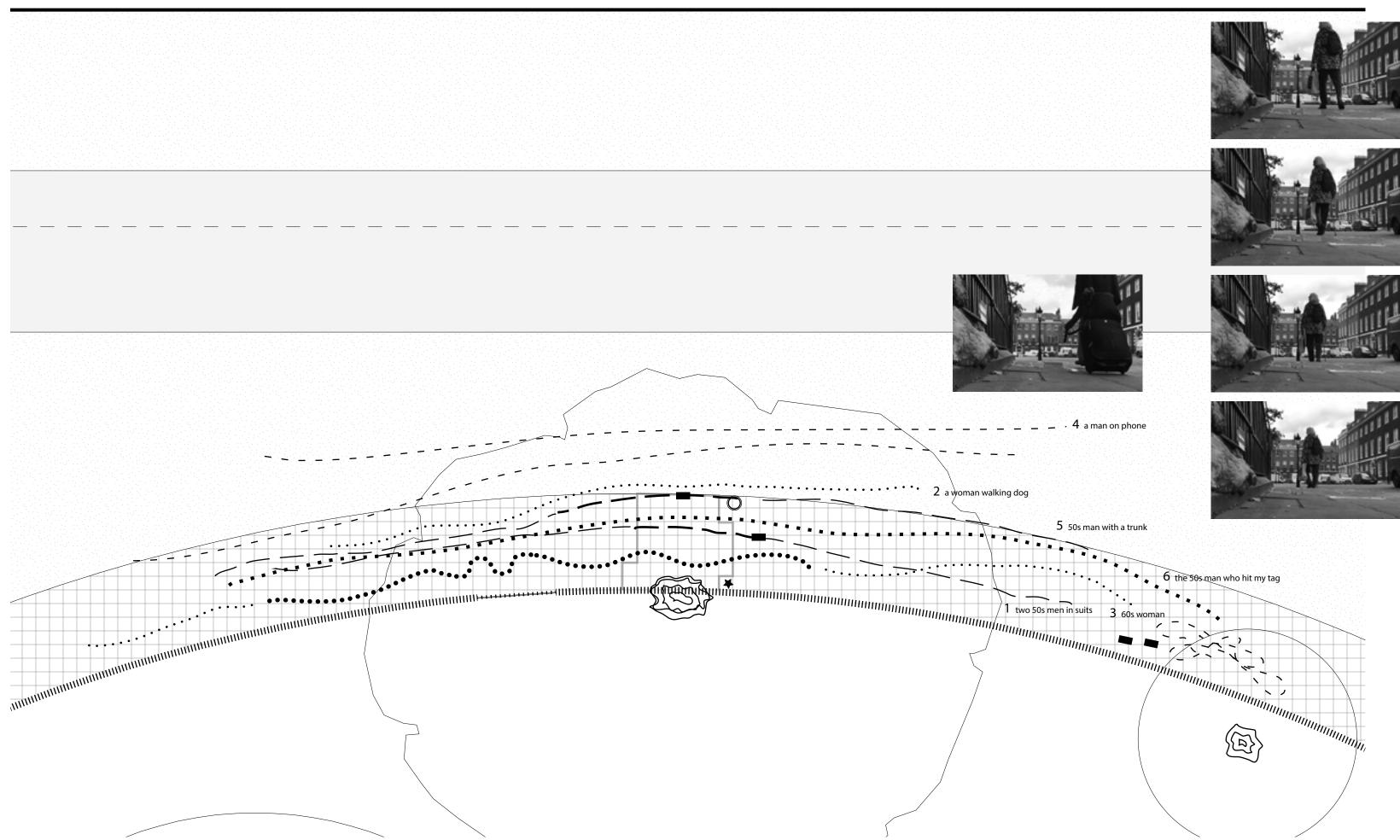
The area of new pavement was highlighted by color tape with two messages.

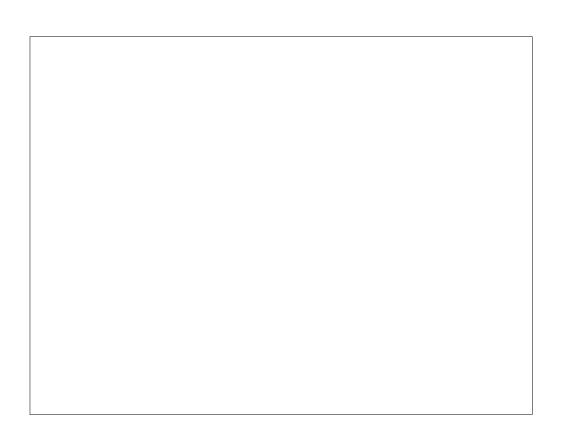
I also set my phone at a very low height, 7 cetermeters from the ground, to capture passengers' foot steps and movements.



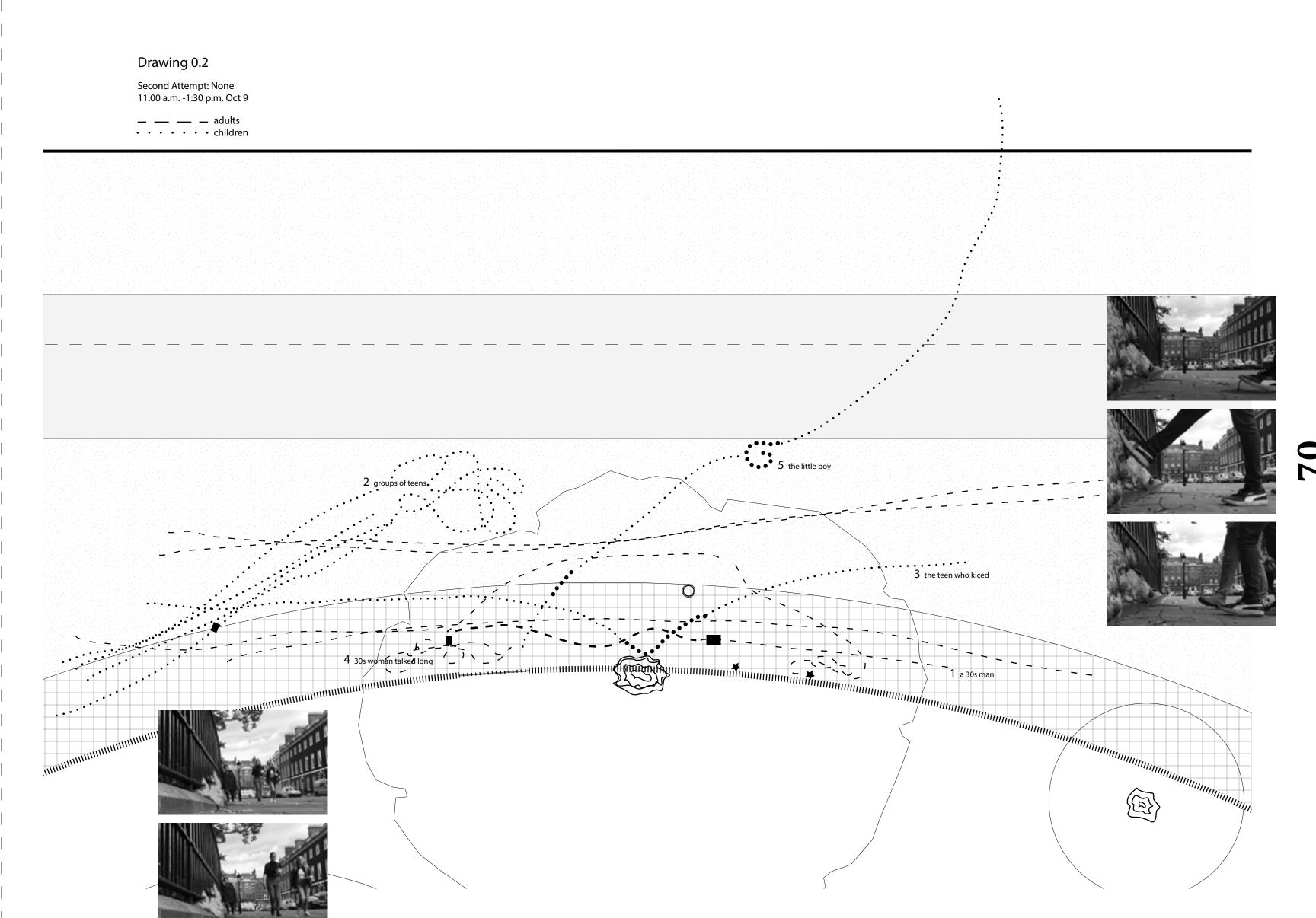
## Drawing 0.1

First Attempt: Color Tape 11:00 a.m. -1:30 p.m. Oct 8





I set my phone at a very low height, 7 cetermeters from the ground, to capture passengers' foot steps and movements when there is no intervention toward the same spot.



# Intervention







A complete stranger came to have a conversation with me while I was still drawing. He stayed, took photos of me and later sent me the photos.

The roots were revealed by straightforward chalk drawing. The roots were extended deliberately longer in order to gain more awareness.

## Drawing 0.3

Third Attempt: Chalk Drawing 11:00 a.m. -1:30 p.m. ; 4:00-4:30 pm Oct 10

— — — adults
• • • • • children 6 two 20s man

3 the interested couple





The two girl who asked for an interview of me for their assisgnment.



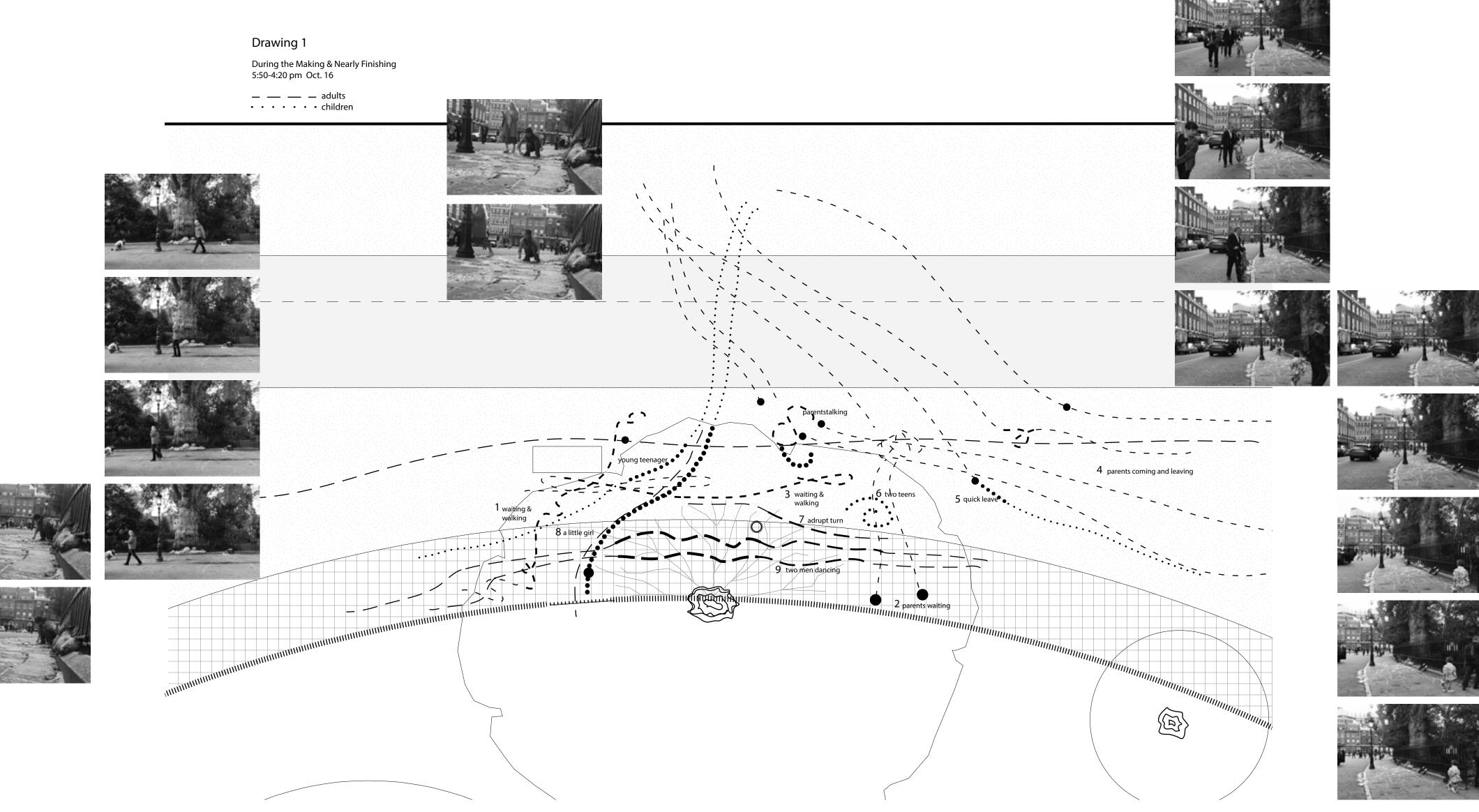
The roots were re-drew based on the research of this specific species of tree- London Plane.

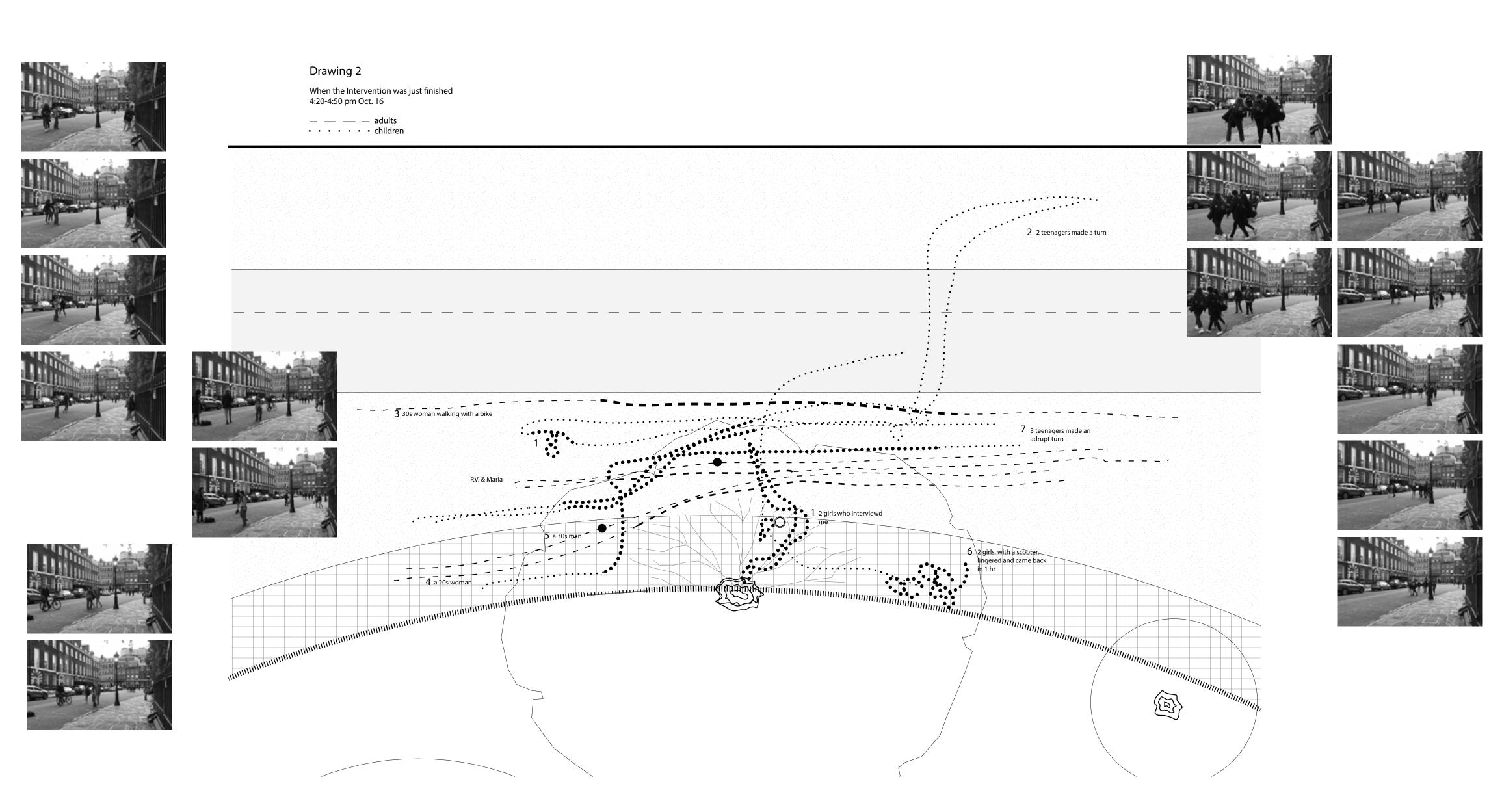




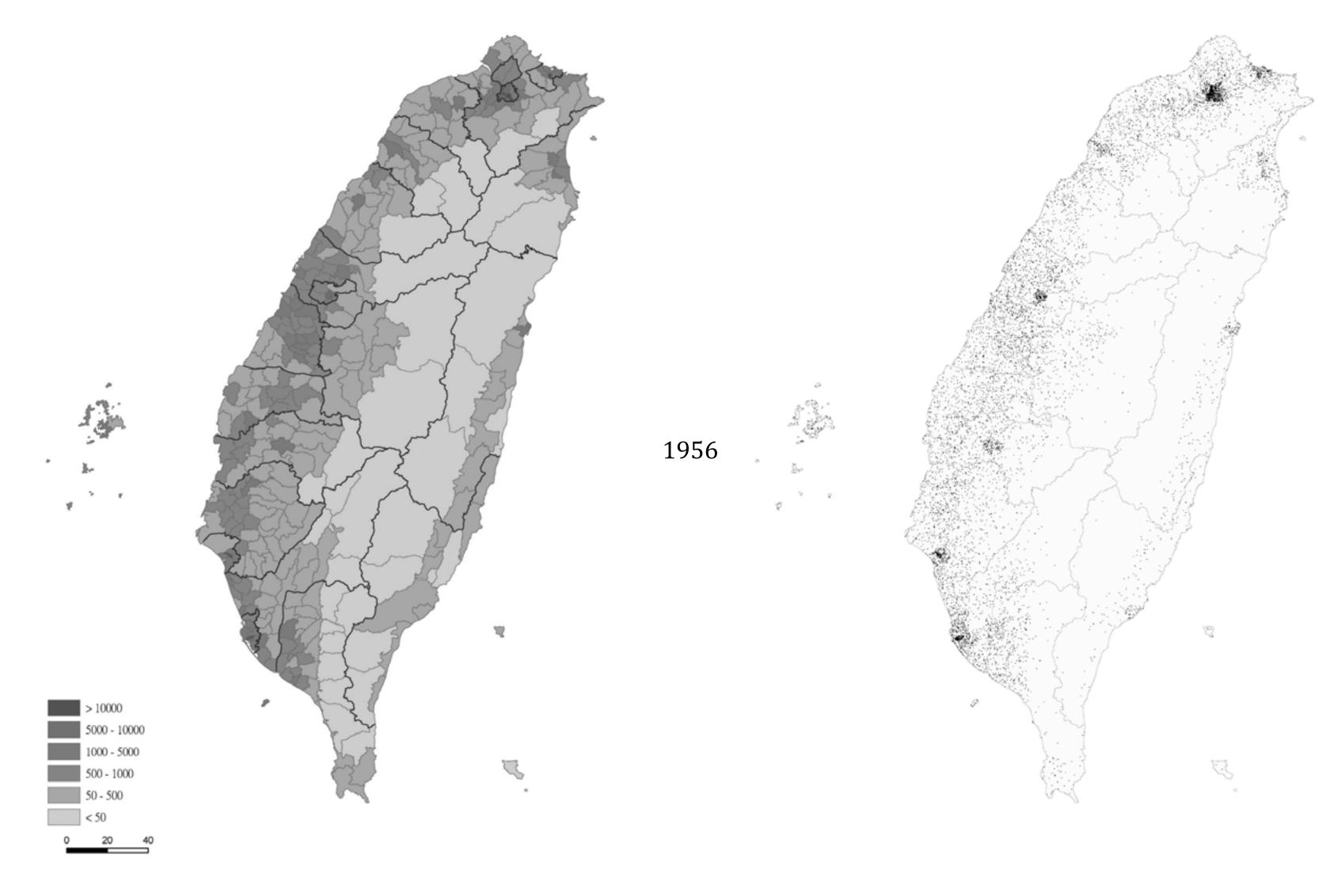












Population Distribution & Density From 1956-2010 Center for Population and Gender Studies, National Taiwan University